Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT MUMBAI



MUMBAI INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT LTD.



	Presenters	
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Suresh Thakre	AGM (E&M)	
Sourav Chakraborty	Deputy Manager (E&M)	

Introduction

Design of Terminal 2 is inspired

from India's national bird – The Peacock



Key Highlights:						
Major Segments: T1 → Domestic T2 → International+ Domestic CA → Corporate Aviation	 Once recorded the busiest single runway airport in the world -> >1000 flights per day 					
Cargo \rightarrow To handle Cargo Operation	Handles more than 48 million passengers in a year.					
$MLCP \rightarrow 2 Multi layer car parking.$	India's 1 st Airport to Achieve ACI Health Accreditation					
Salient Features						





3 Km Multi story art wall withATC Tower, tallest7000 Pieces of Artwork and ArtefactsMtrs, Built up area

ATC Tower, tallest in India(Height - 83.2 Mtrs, Built up area is 2800 Sq. Mtrs.)



Major highlights:

- Focus on energy optimization
- Use of energy efficient products
- Energy conservation awareness
- Using necessary resources to achieve targets
- Renewable energy
- Active involvements in energy conservation

Energy Policy



ENERGY POLICY

In pursuance of Adani group's Vision, mission and core values. Mumbai International Airport Limited (MIAL) shall strive to provide world class airport services and reinvent it as India's biggest aerotropolis, where the traditional airport nucleus of passenger and cargo infrastructure be shall reinforced by interdependent clusters of commercial and residential infrastructure to create the nation's busiest airport ecosystem.

We are committed to achieve such an ecosystem through ESG Scrategy keeping in line with our Nation and Group's commitment towards NET Zero.

We are continuously focused on upgrading our systems, processes, procedures and work practices to improve energy performance and to ensure optimum utilization of energy.

MIAL shall achieve the above through the following:

- Comply to all legal and other requirements which apply to its energy use, consumption and efficiency.
- Improve Energy performance with specific focus on Energy Optimization for all facilities, equipment, processes, systems and ensure all equipment and systems run at their optimum efficiency.
- + Continuous focus on technology upgradation to improve energy performance.
- Shall support the purchase of energy efficient products, services and design for energy performance improvement in all MIAL Operations.
- Creating awareness in energy conservation techniques by imparting training, conducting workshops and seminars for all employees, service providers and stakeholders.
- Ensuring the availability of necessary resources and all information required to achieve objectives, targets and improvement action plans decided on ongoing basis.
- · Focus on renewable energy resources wherever feasible.
- Promoting active involvement of all stakeholders to follow best practices so that the energy improvement initiatives are driven to accomplish MAID's policy on continual basis.

Prakash Tulsiani Chief Executive Officer

· Policy shall be communicated and accomplished at all functions in a structured manner

Date: 05/04/2022







How Architecture complements MIAL's Energy Saving..



Substantial daylighting ensures:

- ✓ Sufficient illuminance
- ✓ Improved Aesthetics
- Reduce lighting energy consumption

Use of Insulated Glass Units

- Reduces heat ingress
- Improves Visual comfort
- ✓ Reduce HVAC energy consumption



Energy Consumption





Energy Consumption can be classified into:

- ➤ Variable Load → Consumption depending on pax count Terminal HVAC, lighting, VHTs.



- □ Increase in Sp. Energy Consumption Kwh/Pax is due to contribution of Fixed Load in total Consumption.
- Even though we have significantly reduced our variable load, impact of fixed load resulted in increased kwh/pax

Competitors, National & Global Benchmark





Energy Saving Projects implemented in last three projects



Year	No of Energy Saving Projects Implemented	Investments (INR Millions)	Electrical saving (million Kwh)	Thermal savings (Million Kcal/ MTOE)	Impact on SEC- kwh/pax(Electrical, Thermal)
FY 2019-20	3	8.68	0.23	-	0.5% 🦊
FY 2020-21	1	2	0.10	-	0.9% 🖊
FY 2021-22	2	14	0.50	-	2.3% 🦊

- Each year dedicated Capex budget gets allocated towards
 Energy Conservation Projects.
 (In FY23 allocated Budget is ~10 Cr)
- In FY22, MIAL has spent around 1% of its total Engineering
 Budget in energy Conservation Project.
- □ Apart from technology up gradation, special focus is also given to **operational optimization**, to reduce energy wastage.
- Energy Management cell in place to looks after all Energy conservation projects, monitor energy consumption and analyse variances.
- □ Energy Review meetings with top management on regular basis.

List of Major Energy Conservation Projects Planned in FY23

Engineering and Maintenance

Approved Capex Budget FY 23 – Energy Efficiency Projects

Energy Efficiency Projects	Budget (In Cr.)
Retrofit for EC fan at AHU at Terminal-2, CSMIA, Mumbai.	7.00
HHR MH light to LED light	2.25
Energy efficient pumps/ blowers at T1 and T2	0.60
Installation of IOT based sensors for terminal temperature monitoring	0.10
Precision control of split and window ACs - to optimize consumption	0.02
Total	9.97



Innovative Project Implemented



Vertical Axis Wind Turbine & Solar PV System

- MIAL is **India's first airport** to launch this Hybrid Technology..
- 10Kwp Hybrid Solar Mill
 - 2 Kwp Turbo Mill (3 Savonius type VAWT)
 - 8 Kwp Solar PV modules.
- Estimated minimum energy generation of 36 Kwh/day.
- Pilot program in collaboration with Wind Stream Energy Technologies India Pvt Ltd.
- Ensures 24/7 energy generation.
- Maximum energy to be harnessed through wind power systems.
- In Line with MIAL's NET ZERO emissions.
- Can be Gateway to highly efficient and low carbon future for aviation sector.
- Being modular & scalable, it's easy to mount the technology on any mobile or static rooftop.

Utilization of Renewable Energy Sources





Inspite of severe space constraint, MIAL has continuously increased its renewable energy share over the last 3 years.

At Group Level – Planning in process to set-up renewable plant to ensure 100% renewable power for all Adani Airports (Target – 2024)

FY 2022-23 – 100% MIAL's NET Electricity is Renewable.

Utilization of Renewable Energy Sources





- MIAL is incurring additional cost of Rs. 0.80/unit to procure 100% green power.
- In FY2022-23 MIAL is exploring opportunity to install additional 30 Kwp of VAWT system. (Budget Approved 0.45 lakhs)

Waste Management







Mumbai Airport is **single use plastic free airport** Proper Waste Management SOP in place – being strictly followed for managing wastes.



Inhouse Organic Waste Convertor (OWC) of 1.5 MT/day - to make organic compost

Target- Zero Landfill waste

by channelizing all waste for reuse & recycle. Replaced conventional chemicals by Super Concentrated green chemical

(93% chemical volume reduced) Reduced → plastic waste @78% p.a. & Cardboard @ 72% p.a.





Commissioned dedicated Common Hazardous Waste Storage Facility- 2021 for Hazardous Waste Management for all CSMIA stakeholders.

Sewage treatment plants (STPs) with a cumulative capacity of 15 MLD is installed for wastewater treatment

GHG Emissions



Sources of Green House Gas Emission						
Туре	Activities	<u>Remarks</u>				
Scope-1	Fossil fuel, Fire Extinguishers, Refrigerant	Directly under control				
Scope-2	Electricity	Directly under control				
Scope-3	Stakeholder electricity, stakeholder fuel, LTO-Arrival/departure, passenger/staff/business travel, Offsite emissions	3 rd party dependent – Can only suggest and influence				



Steps taken to Reduce Green House Emissions



100% green power from April'22 – estimated emission reduction by 1.3 lakhs tCo2

Self generate 100% renewable power for all Adani Airports by 2024

Transition to Lower GWP refrigerant

Green Power

All equipment with high GWP refrigerant being replaced with low GWP refrigerant – **reducing emissions by 719 tCo2**



Conversion of conventional fuels to EVs – in phase-wise manner In FY2022-23 → Rs 8 crore on EV vehicles.



All CO2 based fire extinguisher have been converted to non-CO2 based fire extinguishers



Journey towards Neutrality....

	MUMBA
2010-11	IMS Policy & Environment Management System (ISO 14001)
2011-12	Green House Gas Policy & ACA level 1- Mapping achieved, Implemented Carbon Accounting & management System (CAMS); ISO 14064 certification
2012- <mark>13</mark>	ACA level 2 – Reduction achieved; Preparation of carbon road map & targets – to reduce carbon footprint by 25%
	1 st Airport in India to publish Sustainability Reporting.
2014-15	Started Roof Top solar power plant installations (Installed 1.06 MW), The Sustainability Report 2014, ACA level 3 – Optimization Achieved
2015-16	Energy Management System (ISO 50001), Renewal of ACA level 3 accreditation
2016-17	Achieved ACA level 3+ Neutrality. Roof top solar plant installations 2.5 MW,
2017-18	Total Roof top solar plant installations increased to 3.2 MW.
2018-19	Total Roof top solar plant installations increased to 3.3 MW
2019-20	Total Roof top solar plant installations increased to 4.6 MW
2021-22	Road Map of Net Zero carbon emission- 2029. Installed hybrid vertical axis wind & solar mill of capacity 10 Kwh. Installed Solar-4.66 MW

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Indoor Air Quality



MIAL strives to maintain healthy indoor air Quality.

- **3**rd **party air quality check** is done at regular intervals.
- Co2 sensors installed in return ducts of all AHUs & automatic fresh air intake when value crosses set parameters.
- Portable Co2 meters used to check Co2 level in all offices & crowdy areas multiple times in a day
- In FY2022-23, **UV lamps being installed in all AHUs** to upgrade the quality of indoor air.

Sr.	Parameter	Measured	Threshold Value	Method				
No.		Value						
1.	SO ₂ , μg/m ³	14	80 μg/m ³	IS 5182 (Part 2) RA2017				
2.	NOx, µg/m ³	20	80 μg/m ³	IS 5182 (Part 6) RA2017				
3.	PM ₁₀ , μg/m ³	8.3	60 μg/m ³	IS 5182 (Part 23) RA2017				
4.	PM _{2.5} , μg/m ³	5.4	25 μg/m ³	IS 5182 (Part 24) 2019				
5.	CO, ppm	< 0.10	9 ppm	APHA134-Air 3rd Edition				
6.	CO ₂ , ppm	446	Ambient + 500 ppm	APHA134-Air 3rd Edition				
7.	02,%	19.5	-	APHA134-Air 3rd Edition				
8.	VOC, ppb	56.4	500 μg/m ³	USEPA TO-17				
9.	Formaldehyde, µg/m ³	< 0.2	100 μg/m ³	USEPA TO-17				
10.	ТМС	41	Organisms/100ml NA	APHA-2017(9215-B)				

Latest Air Quality report – Inspection by 3rd party





Rich landscape of Greenery is

maintained inside terminal which further upgrades the air quality & gives a feelgood attitude to all stakeholder



SCADA Generated - Daily Monitoring Report															
DATE	BHS	PBB	HVAC	MAIN FIRE STATION	LIGHTING	POWER DISTRIBUTION	Machine Room Panel	PUMP PANEL	RETAIL & TENANT PANELS	UPS	UTILITY AUX.CONSUMPTION	MLCP	STP	Chiller	TRITURATOR BUILDING
21-Oct-21	7330	2079	33679	801	31037	15485	2704	899	22840	16075	1108	12400	2160	79031	28
22-Oct-21	7153	2064	31854	767	31179	15738	2707	891	22527	16076	1092	12500	2360	76053	30
Variance	-177	-15	-1825	-34	142	253	3	-8	-313	1	-16	100	200	-2978	2
Variance %	-2.41%	-0.72%	-5.4%	-4.24%	0.46%	1.64%	0.12%	-0.89%	-1.37%	0.01%	-1.40%	0.81%	9.26%	-3.77%	7.14%

Services	Cumulative Energy Consumption (KWH) Till Date (OCT-2021)	Consumption in %		
BHS	155951	2.77%		
BRIDGE JUNCTION BOARD(PBB)	47813	0.85%		
HVAC-LS	716048	12.73%		
MAIN FIRE STATION	16636	0.30%		
LIGHTING DISTRIBUTION PANEL	670887	11.92%		
POWER DISTRIBUTION PANEL	344369	6.12%		
MACHINE ROOM PANELS(VHT)	58557	1.04%		
PUMP PANELS	19642	0.35%		
RETAIL & TENANT PANELS	493826	8.78%		
UPS PANELS	354321	6.30%		
MLCP-HT PANEL	266600	4.74%		
STP	47340	0.84%		
TRITUATOR BUILDING	609	0.01%		
UTILITY AUX.CONSUMPTION	24532	0.44%		
HVAC-HS(CHILLER & CHILLER AUX. PANELS)	1885580	33.51%		
CCR1-HT PANEL (Feeder from T2)	85800	1.52%		
High Mast Light (Feeder from Utility)	3666	0.07%		
GPU + PCA	431646	7.67%		
GSD (Supply from utility)	2660	0.05%		



- ✓ SCADA & BMS for 22*7 real time monitoring, Operation and Control.
- Daily section wise Consumption reports received through SCADA. Concerned person to justify variance.
- Regular review meetings, being chaired by HOD, on consumption and progress tracking.
- Energy a key topic of MRM being conducted by top management – Chief Airport Officer
- ✓ Targets given to each section → mapped with KRA.

Training & Awareness Program

Awareness creation to all stakeholders on regular basis:

- Ramp Safety Meetings
- Energy awareness among vendors/stakeholder's staff
- Training Programs: (Environment, Safety, Quality etc.)
- Interaction with the stakeholders through regular audits.
- Celebrations like World Environment Day

MIAL's own staffs are also being trained as per schedule.

Few broad training area includes:

- ENMS
- Energy conservation processes
- Technology up gradation
- 5S & Kaizen







Abnormality:Metal piller rear and front side of LT PCC fixed for HVAC duct support. These are fixed on a road

might hit with metal piller



Corrective Action taken: **Provided reflective radium** tape on metal piller, this will be visible in low illumination also.

AFTER







Improvement through 5S & Kaizen has always been MIAL's focus.

Of all, few recent activities have been highlighted here:

- 1. Reflective tapes on metal pillars \rightarrow visibility at low illumination.
- 2. Radium coating on stickers to ensure visibility even at during complete darkness
- 3. Proper tags on all panels \rightarrow Easy & quick identification & operations.



EnMS & IGBC Certification





How CII helps in our Journey of Energy & Sustainability Management....

- Providing a National platform to showcase efforts & getting recognized for the same indeed acts as huge motivation to act & perform better.
- ◆ **Opportunity to see other's performance** & where we stand → Forum helps in getting additional ideas from others.
- ★ <u>Multiple companies showcase their energy efficient products</u> → Exposure to new available products in the market. Happy to say An energy efficient technology "Precision Control of ACs" has been taken up this year after getting suitable contacts from CII's last year program.

Awards & Accolades







